APPROVE

PLEASE READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING THIS AGRM.						
CORPORATION REINSTATEMENT	Kather Secreta	RTMENT OF STATE ine Harris ary of State corporations		02 JAN 29 PM 2: 43 SECRETARY OF STATE TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA		
DOCUMENT # 551199 1. Corporation Name PEESTIGE Motors, Inc.				TALLAHASSEE, F	LORIDA	
2. Principal Office Address 11.296 N·W· 65 MANOK Suite, Apt. #, etc. Suite, Apt. #,		ress	- GP			
ty & State City & State			To Do Busin	porated or Qualified ness in Florida 5/9/	Applied For	
TARKIANA, FLORIDA Zip Country BROWALD	Zip	Country	6. CERTIFICATE	OF STATUS DESIRED	Not Applicable \$8:75 (Additional Fee required for a Cartificate of Status	
7. Name and Address of Current Registered Agent Name BAKBRA ####450.00 Street Address (P.O. Box Number's Not Acceptable) -02/06/0201063014 -02/06/0201063014 *****450.00 *****450.00 City PARKIAND, FLORIGN State Zip Code FL 33076						
8. I, being appointed the registered agent of the above named corporation, am familiar with and accept the obligations of section 607.0505 or 617.0503, F.S.						
Signature of Registered Agent Sallman REGISTERED AGENT MUST SIGN Date 1/8/02						
9. Names and Street Addresses of Each Officer and/or Director (Florida nonprofit corporations must list at least 3 directors)						
Titles Name of Officers and/or Director	rs	Street Address of Each Officer and/or Director		City / State / Zip		
D BARBARA HAII	mad 112	96 NIW 65	Manor	Park land	F/ 33076	
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10. I certify that I am an officer or director or the receiver or trustee empowered to execute this application as provided for in chapter 607 or 617, F.S. I further certify that when filing this reinstatement application, the reason for dissolution has been eliminated, the corporate name satisfies the requirements of section 607,0401 or 617,0401, F.S., that all fees owed by the corporation have been paid and the names of individuals listed on this form do not qualify for an exemption under section 119.07(3)(i), F.S. The information indicated on this application is true and accurate, and my signature shall have the same legal effect as if made under oath.

BALLALA HALL MAN.
SIGNATURE AND TYPED OR PRINTED NAME OF SIGNING OFFICER OR DIRECTOR

NOTICE OF THE PUBLIC ACCESS REQUIREMENTS FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES

This Notice provides you with important information regarding your obligations under the Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA"), 42 U.S.C. § 12181 et. seq: This Notice does not completely describe the requirements of the ADA and must not be relied upon as legal advice. This Notice is intended to make you aware of the existence of the ADA, inform you of possible penalties for your failure to comply and provide you with sources you can contact if you need additional information.

It is your responsibility to learn the requirements of the ADA and fully comply with its provisions. Your failure to do so may result in penalties including liability for damages, attorney's fees and costs and significant civil money penalties.

The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 is a Federal civil rights law that provides important legal rights to some 50 million Americans with disabilities. Title III of the ADA was enacted to eliminate the obstacles faced by persons with disabilities in obtaining the full and equal enjoyment of the goods and services provided by America's businesses. Title III of the ADA became effective on January 26, 1992.

Title III of the ADA applies to places of public accommodation and commercial facilities. It is your responsibility to seek additional information and determine whether the law applies to your business. However, if you own, lease, lease to or operate a business that invites the public into a facility to do business, then your establishment probably is subject to Title III of the ADA. Examples of public accommodations include, but are not limited to, hotels, motels, restaurants, bars, theatres, stadiums, auditoriums, bakeries, grocery stores, shopping centers, banks, shoe shops, dry cleaners, professional offices, gas stations, libraries, museums, parks, schools, gyms and most other business establishments that invite the public in to do business.

DISCRIMINATION PROHIBITED

The ADA prohibits places of public accommodation from discriminating against an individual with a disability. It is unlawful to deny participation to, or provide a separate or unequal benefit to an individual or class of individuals on the basis of their disabilities. Goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages and accommodations must be provided in the most integrated setting possible.

For example, it is unlawful for a place of public accommodation or commercial facility to: 1) Impose or apply eligibility criteria that screen out individuals with disabilities from full participation in and equal enjoyment of any goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages and accommodations; 2) Fail to make reasonable modifications in policies, practices or procedures when such modifications are necessary to afford persons with disabilities equal access; 3) Fail to provide auxiliary aids and services to prevent individuals with disabilities from being segregated or denied equal participation or access; or 4) Fail to remove architectural and communication barriers that are structural in nature in existing facilities.

This is not a complete list of prohibited activities. It is your responsibility to familiarize yourself with the requirements of the law and fully comply with its provisions.

EXAMPLES OF BARRIER REMOVAL

Structural barriers in your place of business may deny equal access to persons with disabilities and violate the ADA. All public accommodations must remove architectural barriers in existing facilities, including communication barriers that are structural in nature, where such removal is readily achievable. Some examples of steps you may be required to take to remove barriers to equal access by persons with disabilities include, but are not limited to, the following: 1) Installing ramps; 2) Making curb cuts in sidewalks and entrances; 3) Repositioning shelves; 4) Rearranging tables, chairs, display racks, vending machines and other furniture; 5) Repositioning telephones; 6) Installing visual alarms; 7) Widening doors; 8) Installing accessible door hardware; 9) Installing grab bars in toilet stalls; 10) Rearranging toilet partitions to

JANUARY 2, 2002

PRESTIGE MOTORS, INC. 11296 N.W. 65TH. MANOR PARKLAND, FLORIDA 33076

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN,

I HAD NO IDEA THAT OUR CORPORATION WAS NOT CURRENT. WE MOVED OUT OF THE SUNRISE AREA AND I NEVER REALIZED THAT I HAVE NOT RECEIVED ANY NOTICE FROM YOU, ALL THE OTHER FORMS AND PAPERS WAS FORWARED FROM THE POST OFFICE, WE DID LEAVE A TRANSFER CARD AND EVEN CALLED THE POST OFFICE ASKING-IF ANY MAIL WAS LEFT. WHEN I REALIZED-I-CALLED AND I WAS TOLD-TO-FILL OUT THE FORM AND ENCLOSE A CHECK FOR \$450.00. I AM SORRY ABOUT THIS ERROR AND I HOPE WE ARE BACK IN GOOD-STANDING.

SINCERELY, Backers (Yellow

BARBARA HALLMAN