

L21 000 323 354

(Requestor's Name)

(Address)

(Address)

(City/State/Zip/Phone #)

☐

PICK-UP

☐

WAIT

☐

MAIL

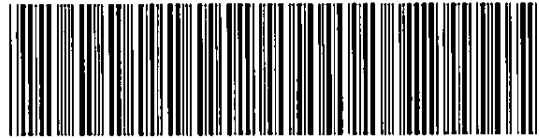
(Business Entity Name)

(Document Number)

Certified Copies _____ Certificates of Status _____

Special Instructions to Filing Officer:

Office Use Only



300404412293

CL/CD, 204-01, 20-001, 4420, 01

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52
53
54
55
56
57
58
59
60
61
62
63
64
65
66
67
68
69
70
71
72
73
74
75
76
77
78
79
80
81
82
83
84
85
86
87
88
89
90
91
92
93
94
95
96
97
98
99
100

COVER LETTER

**TO: Registration Section
Division of Corporations**

SUBJECT: 24-7LABORATORIES LLC

Name of Limited Liability Company

The enclosed Articles of Amendment and fee(s) are submitted for filing.

Please return all correspondence concerning this matter to the following:

CHRISTOPHER BROWN, ESQ

Name of Person

FEARS LAW, PLLC

Firm/Company

6120 SWISS AVE., No. 140980

Address

DALLAS, TX 75214

City/State and Zip Code

chris@fears.com

E-mail address: (to be used for future annual report notification)

For further information concerning this matter, please call:

Christopher Brown

214

461-6223

at (_____) _____

Name of Person

Area Code

Daytime Telephone Number

Enclosed is a check for the following amount:

☒ \$25.00 Filing Fee

☐ \$30.00 Filing Fee &
Certificate of Status

☐ \$55.00 Filing Fee &
Certified Copy
(additional copy is enclosed)

☐ \$60.00 Filing Fee,
Certificate of Status &
Certified Copy
(additional copy is enclosed)

Mailing Address:

Registration Section
Division of Corporations
P.O. Box 6327
Tallahassee, FL 32314

Street Address:

Registration Section
Division of Corporations
The Centre of Tallahassee
2415 N. Monroe Street, Suite 810
Tallahassee, FL 32303

**ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT
TO
ARTICLES OF ORGANIZATION
OF**

24-7LABORATORIES LLC

(Name of the Limited Liability Company as it now appears on our records.)
(A Florida Limited Liability Company)

The Articles of Organization for this Limited Liability Company were filed on July 09, 2021 and assigned
Florida document number 1.21000323354.

This amendment is submitted to amend the following:

A. If amending name, enter the new name of the limited liability company here:

The new name must be distinguishable and contain the words "Limited Liability Company," the designation "LLC" or the abbreviation "L.L.C."

Enter new principal offices address, if applicable:

(Principal office address MUST BE A STREET ADDRESS)

6107 Memorial Highway, Suite F

Tampa, FL 33615

Enter new mailing address, if applicable:

(Mailing address MAY BE A POST OFFICE BOX)

B. If amending the registered agent and/or registered office address on our records, enter the name of the new registered agent and/or the new registered office address here:

Name of New Registered Agent:

New Registered Office Address:

Enter Florida street address

Florida

City

Zip Code

New Registered Agent's Signature, if changing Registered Agent:

I hereby accept the appointment as registered agent and agree to act in this capacity. I further agree to comply with the provisions of all statutes relative to the proper and complete performance of my duties, and I am familiar with and accept the obligations of my position as registered agent as provided for in Chapter 605, F.S. Or, if this document is being filed to merely reflect a change in the registered office address, I hereby confirm that the limited liability company has been notified in writing of this change.

If Changing Registered Agent, Signature of New Registered Agent

If amending Authorized Person(s) authorized to manage, enter the title, name, and address of each person being added or removed from our records:

MGR = Manager

AMBR = Authorized Member

<u>Title</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Address</u>	<u>Type of Action</u>
MGR	CARLOS ROLDAN	6107 MEMORIAL HWY, SUITE F	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Add
		TAMPA, FL 33615	<input type="checkbox"/> Remove
			<input type="checkbox"/> Change
MBR	CARLOS ROLDAN	6107 MEMORIAL HWY, SUITE F	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Add
		TAMPA, FL 33615	<input type="checkbox"/> Remove
			<input type="checkbox"/> Change
MBR	MARLEY ROLDAN	6107 MEMORIAL HWY, SUITE F	<input type="checkbox"/> Add
		TAMPA, FL 33615	<input type="checkbox"/> Remove
			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Change
MGR	MARLEY ROLDAN	6107 MEMORIAL HWY, SUITE F	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Add
		TAMPA, FL 33615	<input type="checkbox"/> Remove
			<input type="checkbox"/> Change
			<input type="checkbox"/> Add
			<input type="checkbox"/> Remove
			<input type="checkbox"/> Change
			<input type="checkbox"/> Add
			<input type="checkbox"/> Remove
			<input type="checkbox"/> Change

1. *Chlorophyll a* (Chl a) is the primary photosynthetic pigment in most plants and algae. It is responsible for capturing light energy and converting it into chemical energy through the process of photosynthesis.

2. *Chlorophyll b* (Chl b) is an accessory pigment that works in conjunction with Chl a. It helps in the absorption of light energy and transfers it to Chl a for use in photosynthesis.

3. *Carotenoids* are a group of pigments that include carotenes and xanthophylls. They also act as accessory pigments, absorbing light energy and transferring it to Chl a. Carotenoids also play a role in protecting the photosynthetic apparatus from damage by reactive oxygen species.

4. *Xanthophyll cycle* is a process where xanthophylls are converted into zeaxanthin under high light conditions. This conversion helps in dissipating excess light energy as heat, preventing damage to the photosynthetic system.

5. *Photosynthesis* is the process by which plants and algae convert light energy into chemical energy. It occurs in the chloroplasts and involves the conversion of carbon dioxide and water into glucose and oxygen.

6. *Light energy* is the energy carried by photons of light. It is the primary source of energy for photosynthesis.

7. *Chemical energy* is the energy stored in the chemical bonds of molecules. In the context of photosynthesis, it is the energy stored in glucose and other organic molecules produced by the plant.

8. *Reactive oxygen species* (ROS) are highly reactive molecules that can cause damage to cellular components. They are produced as byproducts of photosynthesis and can be neutralized by antioxidants.

9. *Chloroplasts* are organelles found in plant cells and some algae. They are the site of photosynthesis and contain the pigments and enzymes necessary for the process.

10. *Carbon dioxide* (CO₂) is a gas that is taken up by plants and used in the process of photosynthesis. It is converted into glucose and other organic molecules.

11. *Water* (H₂O) is a liquid that is taken up by plants and used in the process of photosynthesis. It is split into hydrogen and oxygen, with the hydrogen being used to produce glucose.

12. *Glucose* (C₆H₁₂O₆) is a simple sugar that is produced by plants through photosynthesis. It is used as a source of energy and stored as starch.

13. *Oxygen* (O₂) is a gas that is produced by plants through photosynthesis. It is released into the atmosphere and used by other organisms for respiration.

14. *Accessory pigments* are pigments that assist in the absorption of light energy and transfer it to the primary photosynthetic pigments. They include Chl b and carotenoids.

15. *Primary photosynthetic pigments* are the main pigments responsible for capturing light energy and converting it into chemical energy. They include Chl a and Chl b.

16. *Light absorption* is the process by which pigments capture light energy. This is the first step in the process of photosynthesis.

17. *Energy transfer* is the process by which energy is passed from one molecule to another. In photosynthesis, energy is transferred from accessory pigments to the primary photosynthetic pigments.

18. *Photosynthetic rate* is the rate at which photosynthesis occurs. It can be measured by the amount of oxygen produced or the amount of carbon dioxide consumed.

19. *Light intensity* is the amount of light energy that is available to a plant. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

20. *Temperature* is a measure of the average kinetic energy of the particles in a substance. It is another key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

21. *CO₂ concentration* is the concentration of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

22. *Water potential* is a measure of the potential energy of water in a system. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

23. *Stomatal conductance* is the rate at which water vapor is lost from a plant through its stomata. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

24. *Chlorophyll content* is the amount of chlorophyll present in a plant. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

25. *Photosynthetic efficiency* is the ratio of the energy stored in glucose to the energy captured by the plant. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

26. *Light saturation point* is the point at which the rate of photosynthesis reaches a maximum. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

27. *Light compensation point* is the point at which the rate of photosynthesis equals the rate of respiration. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

28. *Light response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between light intensity and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

29. *Temperature response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between temperature and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

30. *CO₂ response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between CO₂ concentration and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

31. *Water potential response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between water potential and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

32. *Stomatal conductance response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between stomatal conductance and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

33. *Chlorophyll content response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between chlorophyll content and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

34. *Photosynthetic efficiency response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between photosynthetic efficiency and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

35. *Light saturation point response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between light saturation point and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

36. *Light compensation point response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between light compensation point and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

37. *Light response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between light response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

38. *Temperature response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between temperature response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

39. *CO₂ response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between CO₂ response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

40. *Water potential response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between water potential response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

41. *Stomatal conductance response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between stomatal conductance response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

42. *Chlorophyll content response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between chlorophyll content response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

43. *Photosynthetic efficiency response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between photosynthetic efficiency response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

44. *Light saturation point response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between light saturation point response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

45. *Light compensation point response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between light compensation point response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

46. *Light response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between light response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

47. *Temperature response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between temperature response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

48. *CO₂ response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between CO₂ response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

49. *Water potential response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between water potential response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

50. *Stomatal conductance response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between stomatal conductance response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

51. *Chlorophyll content response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between chlorophyll content response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

52. *Photosynthetic efficiency response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between photosynthetic efficiency response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

53. *Light saturation point response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between light saturation point response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

54. *Light compensation point response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between light compensation point response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

55. *Light response curve response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between light response curve response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

56. *Temperature response curve response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between temperature response curve response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

57. *CO₂ response curve response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between CO₂ response curve response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

58. *Water potential response curve response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between water potential response curve response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

59. *Stomatal conductance response curve response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between stomatal conductance response curve response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

60. *Chlorophyll content response curve response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between chlorophyll content response curve response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

61. *Photosynthetic efficiency response curve response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between photosynthetic efficiency response curve response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

62. *Light saturation point response curve response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between light saturation point response curve response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

63. *Light compensation point response curve response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between light compensation point response curve response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

64. *Light response curve response curve response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between light response curve response curve response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

65. *Temperature response curve response curve response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between temperature response curve response curve response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

66. *CO₂ response curve response curve response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between CO₂ response curve response curve response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

67. *Water potential response curve response curve response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between water potential response curve response curve response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

68. *Stomatal conductance response curve response curve response curve response curve response curve* is a graph showing the relationship between stomatal conductance response curve response curve response curve response curve and the rate of photosynthesis. It is a key factor in determining the rate of photosynthesis.

(If an effective date is listed, the date must be specific and cannot be prior to date of filing or more than 90 days after filing.) Pursuant to 605.0207 (3)(b)

If the record specifies a delayed effective date, but not an effective time, at 12:01 a.m. on the earlier of: (b) The 90th day after the record is filed.

Dated 3/13/2023

Signature of a member or authorized representative

Signature of a member or authorized representative of a member

Marley Roldan
Typed or printed name of signatory

Typed or printed name of signee

Filing Fee: \$25.00