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December 30, 2011

ROBERT R. DITWILER 11211 SAINT ANDREWS COURT RIVERVIEW, FL 33579

SUBJECT: SOUTH SHORE 401 (K) PLAN

Ref. Number: W11000064530

We have received your document for SOUTH SHORE 401 (K) PLAN and your check(s) totaling \$358.75. However, the enclosed document has not been filed and is being returned for the following correction(s):

(1) A copy of the trust must be attached to the Affidavit to file of quality a Trust.(2) Please have the Chairman of the Board of Trustee sign.

Please return the corrected original and one copy of your document, along with a copy of this letter, within 60 days or your filing will be considered abandoned.

If you have any questions concerning the filing of your document, please call (850) 245-6962.

Letter Number: 711A00029027

Valerie Herring Regulatory Specialist II New Filing Section •

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Division of Cornerations DO ROY 6227 Tellahaggee Florida 2221

# AFFIDAVIT TO THE FLORIDA SECRETARY OF STATE TO FILE OR QUALIFY

	South Shore 401(k) F	_		
	A Florida	TRUST		
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	(Name of Trust)		₽ File	<u>မာ</u> ၈၈
1. Two or mo	re persons are named in	n the Trust.		
2. The princip	oal address is 11211 St	Andrews Ct., Riverview	v, FL 33579	
Robert R. Ditw	riler ndrews Court, Riverview	, FL 33579	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,
agent to acat the place	e by the registered agence to service of process designated in this affingent and agree to act in	for the above named D davit, I hereby accept t	Declaration of Tru	4
registered	igent and agree to det in	ir tins capacity.		LL WILLIS-BARD Public, State of Florida
	(Signature of	Registered Agent)	Com	mission# EE 148731 n. expires Dec. 20, 2015
	Name	proposes to conduct it ert R. Ditwiler	s business in	
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# **Table of Contents**

1Introduction	rticle 1
2General Plan Information and Key Definition	rticle 2
3Description of Plan	rticle 3
4Plan Contribution	rticle 4
5Eligibility Requirement	rticle 5
6Limit on Contribution	rticle 6
7Determination of Vested Benef	rticle 7
8Plan Distribution	rticle 8
9Plan Investments and Fee	rticle 9
e 10 Participant Loan	rticle 10
11Plan Amendments and Termination	rticle 11
12Plan Participant Rights and Claim Procedure	rticle 12



#### South Shore 401(k) Plan SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION

12 JAN TO PM 2: 36

SECRETARY OF STATES



South Shore Venture Enterprises, LLC has adopted the South Shore 401(k) Plan (the "Plan") to help its employees save for retirement. If you are an employee of South Shore Venture Enterprises, LLC, you may be entitled to participate in the Plan, provided you satisfy the conditions for participation as described in this Summary Plan Description.

This Summary Plan Description ("SPD") is designed to help you understand the retirement benefits provided under the Plan and your rights and obligations with respect to the Plan. This Summary Plan Description contains a summary of the major features of the Plan, including the conditions you must satisfy to participate under the Plan, the amount of benefits you are entitled to as a Plan participant, when you may receive distributions from the Plan, and other valuable information you should know to understand your Plan benefits. We encourage you to read this SPD and contact the Plan Administrator if you have any questions regarding your rights and obligations under the Plan. (See Article 2 below for the name and address of the Plan Administrator.)

This SPD does not replace the formal Plan document, which contains all of the legal and technical requirements applicable to the Plan. However, this SPD does attempt to explain the Plan language in a non-technical manner that will help you understand your retirement benefits. If the non-technical language under this SPD and the technical, legal language under the Plan document conflict, the Plan document always governs. If you have any questions regarding the provisions contained in this SPD or if you wish to receive a copy of the legal Plan document, please contact the Plan Administrator.

The Plan document may be amended or modified due to changes in law, to comply with pronouncements by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) or Department of Labor (DOL), or due to other circumstances. If the Plan is amended or modified in a way that changes the provisions under this SPD, you will be notified of such changes.

This SPD does not create any contractual rights to employment nor does it guarantee the right to receive benefits under the Plan. Benefits are payable under the Plan only to individuals who have satisfied all of the conditions under the Plan document for receiving benefits.

# ARTICLE 2 GENERAL PLAN INFORMATION AND KEY DEFINITIONS

This Article 2 contains information regarding the day-to-day administration of the Plan as well as the definition of key terms used throughout this Summary Plan Description.

Plan Name: South Shore 401(k) Plan

Plan Number: 001

#### Employer:

Name: South Shore Venture Enterprises, LLC

Address:

11211 St. Andrews Ct. Riverview, FL 33579

Telephone number: 813-677-4321

Employer Identification Number (EIN): 26-2848804

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SECRETARY OF STATE, TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA

#### Plan Administrator:

The Plan Administrator is responsible for the day-to-day administration and operation of the Plan. For example, the Plan Administrator maintains the Plan records, provides you with forms necessary to request a distribution from the Plan, and directs the payment of your vested benefits when required under the Plan. The Plan Administrator may designate another person or persons to perform the duties of the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator or its delegate, as the case may be, has full discretionary authority to interpret the Plan, including the authority to resolve ambiguities in the Plan document and to interpret the Plan's terms, including who is eligible to participate under the Plan and the benefit rights of participants and beneficiaries. All interpretations, constructions and determinations of the Plan Administrator or its delegate shall be final and binding on all persons, unless found by a court of competent jurisdiction to be arbitrary and capricious. The Plan Administrator also will allow you to review the formal Plan document and other materials related to the Plan.

The Employer listed above is acting as Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator may designate other persons to carry on the day-to-day operations of the Plan. If you have any questions about the Plan or your benefits under the Plan, you should contact the Plan Administrator or other Plan representative.

#### Trustee(s):

All amounts contributed to the Plan are held by the Plan Trustee in a qualified Trust. The Trustee is responsible for the safekeeping of the trust funds and must fulfill all Trustee duties in a prudent manner and in the best interest of you and your beneficiaries. The following is the name and address of the Plan Trustee(s):

Name: Robert Ditwiler

Address: 11211 St. Andrews Ct.

City, State, Zip Code: Riverview, FL 33579

· Name: Sharon Ditwiler

Address: 11211 St. Andrews Ct.

City, State, Zip Code: Riverview, FL 33579

#### Service of Legal Process:

Service of legal process may be made upon the Plan Trustee or the Plan Administrator.

#### Effective Date of Plan:

This Plan is a new Plan effective 1-1-2011. Thus, unless designated otherwise, the provisions of the Plan (as described in this Summary Plan Description) are effective as of 1-1-2011.

#### <u>Plan Year:</u>

Many of the provisions of the Plan are applied on the basis of the Plan Year. For this purpose the Plan Year is the calendar year running from January 1 – December 31.

#### Plan Compensation:

The term "compensation" has different meanings within the Plan document. Compensation is generally defined as your total taxable wages or salary increased to include any pre-tax deferrals you make to a 401(k) plan and any other pre-tax salary reduction contributions you make under any other plans we maintain, including any pre-tax contributions you make under a medical reimbursement plan or "cafeteria" plan.

In applying the contribution formulas under the Plan (as described in Section 4 below), your contributions may be determined based on Plan Compensation. For this purpose, Plan Compensation is your total compensation (as described above) earned during the Plan Year.

For purposes of determining Plan Compensation, only compensation you earn while you are a participant in the Plan will be taken into account. Thus, any compensation you earn while you are not eligible to participate in the Plan will not be considered in determining Plan Compensation.

#### Normal Retirement Age:

You will reach Normal Retirement Age under the Plan when you attain the later of age 65 or reach your 5th anniversary of Plan participation.

# ARTICLE 3 DESCRIPTION OF PLAN

Type of Plan. This Plan is a special type of retirement plan commonly referred to as a 401(k) plan. Under the Plan, you may choose to have a specific percentage or dollar amount withheld from your salary and have such amount deposited directly into a 401(k) account on your behalf. This pre-tax contribution is called a "Salary Deferral." As a pre-tax contribution, you do not have to pay any income tax while your Salary Deferrals are held in the Plan, and any earnings on your Salary Deferrals are not taxed while they stay in the Plan.

In addition to your own Salary Deferrals, if you satisfy the eligibility conditions described in Article 5 below, you may be eligible to receive an additional employer contribution under the Plan. If you are eligible to receive an employer contribution, we will deposit such contribution directly into the Plan on your behalf. Like the pre-tax Salary Deferrals discussed above, any employer contribution we make to the Plan on your behalf and any earnings on such amounts will not be subject to income tax as long as those amounts stay in the Plan. You will not be taxed on your employer contributions generally until you withdraw such amounts from the Plan. Article 4 below describes the employer contributions authorized under the Plan.

This Plan is a defined contribution plan, which is intended to qualify under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. As a defined contribution plan, it is not covered under Title IV of ERISA and, therefore, benefits are not insured by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation.

## ARTICLE 4 PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS

The Plan provides for the contributions listed below. Article 5 discusses the requirements you must satisfy to receive the contributions described in this Article 4. Article 7 describes the vesting rules applicable to your plan benefits. Special rules also may apply if you leave employment to enter qualified military service. See your Plan Administrator if you have questions regarding the rules that apply if you are on military leave.

#### Salary Deferrals

If you have satisfied the conditions for participating under the Plan (as described in Article 5 below) you are eligible to make Salary Deferrals to the Plan. To begin making Salary Deferrals, you must complete a Salary Reduction Agreement requesting that a portion of your compensation be contributed to the Plan instead of being paid to you as wages. For this purpose, no participant will be allowed to make Salary Deferrals prior to 12-22-2011. Any Salary Deferrals you make to the Plan will be invested in accordance with the Plan's investment policies.

**Pre-Tax Salary Deferrals.** If you make Salary Deferrals to the Plan, you will not have to pay income taxes on such amounts or on any earnings until you withdraw those amounts from the Plan.

Consider the following examples:

- If you earn \$30,000 a year, are in the 15% tax bracket, are eligible to participate in the Plan and you elect to save 3% (or \$900) of your salary under the 401(k) Plan this year, you would save \$135 in Federal income taxes (15% of \$900 = \$135).
- If you earn \$30,000 a year, are in the 15% tax bracket, are eligible to participate in the Plan, and you elect to save 5% (or \$1,500) of your salary under the 401(k) Plan this year, you would save \$225 in Federal income taxes (15% of \$1,500 = \$225).
- If you earn \$30,000 a year, are in the 15% tax bracket, are eligible to participate in the Plan and you elect to save 8% (or \$2,400) of your salary under the 401(k) Plan this year, you would save \$360 in Federal income taxes (15% of \$2,400 = \$360).

As you can see, the more you are able to put away in the Plan and the higher your tax bracket, the greater your tax savings will be. In addition, if the amount of your Salary Deferrals grows due to investment earnings, you will not have to pay any Federal income taxes on those earnings until such time as you withdraw those amounts from the Plan.

Salary Reduction Agreement. You may not begin making Salary Deferrals under the Plan until you complete a Salary Reduction Agreement. You may request a Salary Reduction Agreement from the Plan Administrator or other designated Plan representative. The Salary Reduction Agreement will permit you to designate how much you wish to defer into the Plan.

Change of election. You can increase or decrease the amount of your Salary Deferrals as of a designated election date. For this purpose, the designated election date(s) for changing or modifying your Salary Reduction Agreement will be set forth in the Salary Reduction Agreement or other written procedures describing the time period for changing Salary Deferral elections. If the available election date(s) change, you will be notified in writing of any such change. You always will be able to change or modify your Salary Reduction Agreement at least once per year. Generally, you may revoke an existing Salary Reduction Agreement and stop making Salary Deferrals at any time. Any change you make to a Salary Reduction Agreement will become effective as of the next designated election date, and will remain in effect until modified or canceled during a subsequent election period.

#### **Matching Contributions**

We are authorized under the Plan to make a matching contribution on behalf of eligible Plan participants. A matching contribution is an employer contribution that is made to participants who make Salary Deferrals to the Plan. If you satisfy all of the eligibility requirements described in Article 5 below for matching contributions and you make Salary Deferrals, you will receive an allocation of any matching contributions we make to the Plan, in accordance with the matching formula described below. If you do not satisfy all of the eligibility requirements for receiving a matching contribution, you will not share in an allocation of such matching contributions for the period for which you do not satisfy the eligibility requirements.

Matching contributions will be contributed to your matching contribution account under the Plan at such time as we deem appropriate. Matching contributions may be contributed during the Plan Year or after the Plan Year ends. Any matching contributions we make will be made in accordance with the following matching contribution formula.

- Discretionary matching contribution formula. Under this formula, we have discretion whether to make
  a matching contribution to the Plan. We will decide each year how much, if any, we wish to make as a
  matching contribution. Since this matching contribution is discretionary, we may decide not to make a
  matching contribution. Any matching contribution we decide to make will be determined as a percentage
  of Salary Deferrals you make during the Plan Year or as a uniform dollar amount.
- Qualified Matching Contributions (QMACs). We may designate some or all of the matching contributions described above as "qualified matching contributions" or QMACs. To the extent a matching contribution is designated as a QMAC, you will automatically be 100% vested in that QMAC (regardless of any other vesting schedule under the Plan). If we decide to make a QMAC to the Plan (and you are eligible to receive such contribution) we will place the QMAC in a special QMAC Account under the Plan on your behalf.

Limit on Matching Contributions. In addition to the overall limit on employer contributions described in Article 6 below, the Plan imposes special limits on the amount a participant may receive as a matching contribution under the Plan for the Plan Year.

- Limit on Salary Deferrals. In determining the amount of matching contributions you are entitled to
  under the Plan, only a certain amount of your Salary Deferrals are taken into account. For this
  purpose, any Salary Deferrals you make above 6% of Plan Compensation will not be eligible for a
  matching contribution. Thus, if you make Salary Deferrals in excess of 6% of Plan Compensation,
  you will not receive a matching contribution with respect to those Salary Deferrals.
- Limit on total matching contribution. In determining the amount of matching contributions you are entitled to under the Plan, the total matching contribution for any participant will never exceed 4% of Plan Compensation. Thus, the total matching contribution you may receive for any period will not exceed 4% of Plan Compensation, regardless of the amount you contribute under the Plan.

#### **Employer Contributions**

We are authorized under the Plan to make employer contributions on behalf of our employees. In order to receive an employer contribution, you must satisfy all of the eligibility requirements described in Article 5 below for employer contributions. If you do not satisfy all of the conditions for receiving an employer contribution, you will not share in an allocation of such employer contributions for the period for which you do not satisfy the eligibility requirements.

Employer contributions will be contributed to your employer contribution account under the Plan at such time as we deem appropriate. Employer contributions may be contributed during the Plan Year or after the Plan Year ends. Any employer contributions we make will be made in accordance with the following employer contribution formula.

Discretionary employer contribution formula. We will decide each year how much, if any, we will
contribute to the Plan. Since this employer contribution is discretionary, we may decide not to make an
employer contribution for a given year. We may decide to give a different contribution to each eligible
participant under the Plan. The employer contribution may be determined as a percentage of
compensation or as a dollar amount. We will inform you of the amount of your employer contribution
once we determine how much we will be contributing for the year.

**Special employer contribution – QNEC.** In addition to any other contributions authorized under the Plan, we may decide to make a special discretionary contribution called a qualified nonelective contribution (QNEC). If you receive a QNEC contribution, you will automatically be 100% vested in that QNEC contribution. If we decide to make a QNEC to the Plan, we will make such contribution on behalf of eligible participants who are nonhighly compensated employees (as determined under the Plan).

Any QNEC contributed to the Plan will be allocated to eligible participants beginning with participants with the lowest compensation for the year. We will inform you of any QNECs you are entitled to under the Plan. To receive an allocation of QNECs, you must satisfy the minimum age and service conditions described in Article 5 below for employer contributions. However, you do not have to satisfy any other allocation conditions to receive an allocation of QNECs under the Plan. Thus, for example, you do not have to be employed at the end of the year or work a specific number of hours of service to receive a QNEC contribution under the Plan.

#### Safe Harbor Employer Contributions

Beginning 1-1-2013, this Plan is designed to qualify as a "Safe Harbor 401(k) Plan". As a Safe Harbor 401(k) Plan, we will provide a Safe Harbor employer contribution to the Plan for those participants who satisfy the eligibility requirements applicable to Safe Harbor employer contributions. See Article 5 below for a discussion of the eligibility rules under the Plan applicable to Safe Harbor Employer Contributions. Notwithstanding the eligibility rules under Article 5, you will only be entitled to receive an allocation of Safe Harbor employer contributions if you are a nonhighly compensated employee (as defined in the Plan).

Any Safe Harbor employer contribution we make to the Plan on your behalf will be contributed to a special Safe Harbor employer contribution account established under the Plan. We will contribute the Safe Harbor employer contributions to the Plan at such time as we deem appropriate. Safe Harbor employer contributions may be contributed during the Plan Year or after the Plan Year ends.

Safe Harbor employer contribution formula. If you are eligible to receive a Safe Harbor employer contribution, we will contribute to the Plan on your behalf an amount equal to 3% of your Plan Compensation. We will provide you with a notice prior to the beginning of each Plan Year describing the Safe Harbor employer contribution and your rights with respect to such contributions. Safe Harbor employer contributions are always fully vested.

#### **Top Heavy Benefits**

A plan that primarily benefits key employees is called a top heavy plan. For this purpose, key employees are defined as certain owners of an employer and officers with a specified level of compensation. A plan is generally a top heavy plan when more than 60% of all account balances under the plan are attributable to key employees. The Plan Administrator will determine each year whether the plan is a top heavy plan.

If the Plan becomes top heavy in any Plan Year, non-key employees who are eligible to receive a top heavy contribution under the Plan generally will receive a minimum contribution equal to the lesser of 3% of Plan Compensation or the highest percentage provided to any key employee (as defined in the Plan). This minimum contribution may be different if the Employer maintains another qualified plan. For this purpose, any employer contributions and matching contributions may be taken into account in determining whether the top heavy rules are satisfied. In applying the top heavy rules, any eligible non-key employee who is employed at the end of the year is entitled to the top heavy minimum, regardless how many hours the employee works during the year. The Plan Administrator will advise you if the Plan ever becomes top heavy.

#### **Rollover Contributions**

If you have an account balance in another qualified retirement plan or an IRA, you may move those amounts into this Plan, without incurring any tax liability, by means of a "rollover" contribution. You are always 100% vested in any amounts you contribute to the Plan as a rollover from another qualified plan or IRA. This means that you will always be entitled to all amounts in your rollover account. Rollover contributions will be affected by any investment gains or losses under the Plan.

You may accomplish a rollover in one of two ways. You may ask your prior plan administrator or trustee to directly rollover to this Plan all or a portion of any amount which you are entitled to receive as a distribution from your prior plan. Alternatively, if you receive a distribution from your prior plan, you may elect to deposit into this plan any amount eligible for rollover within 60 days of your receipt of the distribution. Any rollover to

the Plan will be credited to your Rollover Contribution Account. You will be able to withdraw the amounts in your rollover account at any time, unless the in-service withdrawal of rollover contributions is specifically prohibited as described in Article 8 below.

Generally, the Plan will accept a rollover contribution from another qualified retirement plan or IRA. The Plan Administrator may adopt separate procedures limiting the type of rollover contributions it will accept. For example, the Plan Administrator may impose restrictions on the acceptance of after-tax contributions or Salary Deferrals (including Roth Deferrals) or may restrict rollovers from particular types of plans. In addition, the Plan Administrator may, in its discretion, apply restrictions on the acceptance of rollover contributions if you are not currently a participant in the Plan. In no event will these procedures be applied in a discriminatory manner.

If you have questions about whether you can rollover a prior plan distribution, please contact the Plan Administrator or other designated Plan representative.

# ARTICLE 5 ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

This Article sets forth the requirements you must satisfy to participate under the Plan. To qualify as a participant under the Plan, you must:

- be an Eligible Employee
- · satisfy the Plan's minimum age and service conditions and
- satisfy any allocation conditions required under the Plan.

#### Eligible Employee

To participate under the Plan, you must be an Eligible Employee. For this purpose, you are considered an Eligible Employee if you are an employee of South Shore Venture Enterprises, LLC, provided you are not otherwise excluded from the Plan.

For purposes of determining whether you are an Eligible Employee, the Plan excludes from participation certain designated employees. If you fall under any of the excluded employee categories, you will not be eligible to participate under the Plan (until such time as you no longer fall into an excluded employee category). [See below for a discussion of your rights upon changing to or from an excluded employee classification.]

The following categories of employees are not eligible to participate in the Plan:

- > Employees covered under a collective bargaining agreement (i.e., union employees)
- Non-resident aliens who do not receive any compensation from U.S. sources

#### Minimum Age and Service Requirements

In order to participate in the Plan, you must be at least age 21 and have completed one Year of Service.

Year of Service. For this purpose, you will earn a Year of Service if you work at least 1,000 hours for us during the 12-month period immediately following your date of hire. If you do not work at least 1,000 hours during the 12-month period immediately following your date of hire, you will earn a Year of Service for purposes of Plan participation if you work 1,000 hours during any Plan Year beginning after your date of hire.

You will earn a Year of Service as of the end of the designated period during which you first work 1,000 hours. Once you have earned a Year of Service and have attained age 21, if you are an Eligible Employee, you will be eligible to participate in the Plan as of your Entry Date described below.

The following examples demonstrate how the minimum age and service rules work. In all cases, it is assumed the employee is an Eligible Employee. If an employee is not an Eligible Employee, such employee would not be entitled to participate in the Plan, even if he/she satisfies the Plan's minimum age and service conditions.

- Example 1. Joe, age 35, has been a full-time employee since 1995. Joe has satisfied the minimum age and service requirements of the Plan and is therefore entitled to participate in the Plan.
- Example 2. Janet, age 26, is hired on July 7, 2011 as a full-time employee. Janet works more than 1,000 hours during her first 12 months of employment. Janet will be credited with a Year of Service for Plan participation as of July 6, 2012 the end of the 12-month period following her date of hire. Janet will be eligible to enter the Plan on her Entry Date.
- Example 3. Susan, age 45, is hired on August 25, 2011 as a part-time employee. Susan does not work
  at least 1,000 hours during her first 12 months of employment. Susan will not be credited with a Year of
  Service for Plan participation until she works at least 1,000 hours during any subsequent Plan Year. If
  Susan works at least 1,000 hours during a subsequent Plan Year, she will be credited with a Year of
  Service as of the end of that Plan Year and will be eligible to enter the Plan on her Entry Date.
- Example Minimum Age. Bill is hired on February 6, 2011 as a full-time employee. Bill turns age 21 on December 21, 2012. Even though Bill earns a Year of Service on February 5, 2012 the end of the 12-month period immediately following his date of hire he is not eligible to participate in the Plan until he satisfies both the minimum service and minimum age requirements. In this case, Bill attains age 21 on December 21, 2012 and will be eligible to enter the Plan on the appropriate Entry Date following his attainment of age 21.

Entry Date. Once you have satisfied the eligibility conditions described above, you will be eligible to participate under the Plan on your Entry Date. For this purpose, your Entry Date is the first January 1 or July 1 following the date you satisfy the eligibility conditions described above. For example, if you satisfy the Plan's eligibility conditions on April 12, you will be eligible to enter the Plan on the following July 1. If on the other hand, you satisfy the eligibility conditions on November 12, you will be eligible to enter the Plan on the following January 1.

Eligibility for Safe Harbor Employer Contributions. To be eligible to receive a Safe Harbor Employer Contribution, the same minimum age and service conditions as apply to Salary Deferrals apply for purposes of determining eligibility for Safe Harbor Employer Contributions. For more information regarding eligibility for Safe Harbor Contributions, see the annual Safe Harbor Contribution notice provided by the Plan Administrator.

Crediting eligibility service. In determining whether you satisfy the Plan's minimum age or service conditions, all service you perform during the year is counted. In addition, if you go on a maternity or paternity leave of absence or a military leave of absence, you may receive credit for service during your period of absence for certain purposes under the Plan. You should contact the Plan Administrator to determine the effect of a maternity/paternity or military leave of absence on your eligibility to participate under the Plan.

Eligibility upon rehire or change in employment status. If you terminate employment after satisfying the minimum age and service requirements under the Plan and you are subsequently rehired as an Eligible Employee, you will enter the Plan on the later of your rehire date or your Entry Date. If you terminate employment prior to satisfying the minimum age and service requirements, and you are subsequently rehired, you will have to meet the eligibility requirements as if you are a new Employee in order to participate under the Plan.

If you are not an Eligible Employee on your Entry Date, but you subsequently change status to an eligible class of Employee, you will be eligible to enter the Plan immediately (provided you have already satisfied the minimum age and service requirements). If you are an Eligible Employee and subsequently become ineligible to participate in the Plan, all contributions under the Plan will cease as of the date you become

ineligible to participate. However, all service earned while you are employed, including service earned while you are ineligible, will be counted when calculating your vested percentage in your account balance.

#### **Allocation Conditions**

If you are an Eligible Employee and have satisfied the minimum age and service requirements described above, you are entitled to share in the contributions described in Article 4, provided you satisfy the allocation conditions described below.

Salary Deferrals. You do not need to satisfy any additional allocation conditions to make Salary Deferrals under the Plan. If you satisfy the eligibility conditions described above, you will be eligible to make Salary Deferrals, regardless of how many hours you work during the year or whether you terminate employment during the year.

Matching Contributions. You will be entitled to share in any matching contributions we make to the Plan if you satisfy the eligibility conditions described above. You do not need to satisfy any additional allocation conditions to receive a matching contribution. You will receive your share of the matching contributions regardless of how many hours you work during the year or whether you terminate during the year.

Employer Contributions. You will be entitled to share in any employer contributions we make to the Plan if you satisfy the eligibility conditions described above. You do not need to satisfy any additional allocation conditions to receive an employer contribution. You will receive your share of the employer contributions regardless of how many hours you work during the year or whether you terminate during the year.

Safe Harbor Contributions. No additional allocation conditions apply to Safe Harbor Contributions under the Plan. Thus, you will be entitled to receive a Safe Harbor Contribution regardless of how many hours you work during the year or whether you terminate during the year, as long as you otherwise satisfy the eligibility requirements described under this Article 5 to receive a Safe Harbor Contribution under the Plan.

## ARTICLE 6

The IRS imposes limits on the amount of contributions you may receive under this Plan, as described below.

IRS limits on Salary Deferrals. The IRS imposes limits on the amount you can contribute as Salary Deferrals during a calendar year. For 2011, the maximum deferral limit is \$16,500. For years after 2011, the maximum deferral limit will be adjusted for cost-of-living each year. The Plan Administrator will provide you with information regarding the adjusted deferral limits beginning after 2011. In addition, if you are at least age 50 by December 31 of the calendar year, you also may make a special catch-up contribution in addition to the maximum deferral limit described above. For 2011, the catch-up contribution limit is \$5,500. For years after 2011, the catch-up contribution limit will be adjusted for cost-of living each year. The Plan Administrator will provide you with information concerning the catch-up contribution limit for years after 2011.

Example. If you are at least age 50 by December 31, 2011, the maximum Salary Deferral you may make for the 2011 calendar year would be \$22,000 [i.e., \$16,500 maximum deferral limit plus \$5,500 catch-up contribution limit].

The IRS deferral limit applies to all Salary Deferrals you make in a given calendar year to this Plan or any other cash or deferred arrangement (including a cash or deferred arrangement maintained by an unrelated employer). For this purpose, cash or deferred arrangements include 401(k) plans, 403(b) plans, or simplified employee pension (SEP) plans. (Note: If you participate in both this Plan and a 457 eligible deferred compensation plan, special limits may apply under the 457 plan. You should contact the Plan Administrator of the 457 plan to find out how participation in this Plan may affect your limits under the 457 plan.)

If you make Salary Deferrals for a given year in excess of the deferral limit described above under this Plan or another plan maintained by the Employer (or any other employer maintaining this Plan), the Plan

Administrator will automatically return the excess amount and associated earnings to you by April 15. If you make Salary Deferrals for a given year in excess of the deferral limit described above because you made Salary Deferrals under this Plan and a plan of an unrelated employer not maintaining this Plan, you must ask one of the plans to refund the excess amount to you. If you wish to take a refund from this Plan, you must notify the Plan Administrator, in writing, by March 1 of the next calendar year so the excess amount and related earnings may be refunded by April 15. The excess amount is taxable for the year in which you made the excess deferral. If you fail to request a refund, you will be subject to taxation in two separate years: once in the year of deferral and again in the year the excess amount is actually paid to you.

IRS limit on total contributions under the Plan. The IRS imposes a maximum limit on the total amount of contributions you may receive under this Plan. This limit applies to all contributions we make on your behalf, all contributions you contribute to the Plan, and any forfeitures allocated to any of your accounts during the year. Under this limit, the total of all contributions under the Plan cannot exceed a specific dollar amount or 100% of your annual compensation, whichever is less. For 2011, the specific dollar limit is \$49,000. (For years after 2011, this amount may be increased for inflation.) For purposes of applying the 100% of compensation limit, your annual compensation includes all taxable compensation, increased for any Salary Deferrals you may make under a 401(k) plan and any other pre-tax contributions you may make to a plan such as a cafeteria plan.

**Example:** Suppose in 2011 you earn compensation of \$50,000 (after reduction for pre-tax 401(k) plan contributions of \$5,000). Your compensation for purposes of the overall contribution limit is \$55,000 (\$50,000 + \$5,000 of pre-tax deferrals). The maximum amount of contributions you may receive under the Plan for 2011 is \$49,000 (the lesser of \$49,000 or 100% of \$55,000).

# ARTICLE 7 DETERMINATION OF VESTED BENEFIT

Vested account balance. When you take a distribution of your benefits under the Plan, you are only entitled to withdraw your vested account balance. For this purpose, your vested account balance is the amount held under the Plan on your behalf for which you have earned an ownership interest. You earn an ownership interest in your Plan benefits if you have earned enough service with us to become vested based on the Plan's vesting schedule. If you terminate employment before you become fully vested in any of your Plan benefits, those non-vested amounts may be forfeited. (See below for a discussion of the forfeiture rules that apply if you terminate with a non-vested benefit under the Plan.)

The following describes the vesting schedule applicable to contributions under the Plan.

- Salary Deferrals. You are always 100% vested in your Salary Deferrals. In other words, you have complete ownership rights to your Salary Deferrals under the Plan.
- Matching Contributions and Employer Contributions. You become vested in your matching
  contribution and employer contribution accounts under a "6-year graded vesting schedule." Under this
  vesting schedule, you will have a complete ownership interest in your matching contributions and
  employer contributions once you have completed six (6) Years of Vesting Service. Prior to the
  completion of six Years of Vesting Service, you will be vested in your matching contribution and
  employer contribution accounts under the following schedule:

Years of Vesting Service	🧻 Vested percentage 🏋
0-1	0%
2	20%
3	40%
4	60%
5	80%
6 or more	100%

- Other contributions. In addition, certain special contributions that are made to the Plan on your behalf will always be 100% vested. If any of these special contributions are made to the Plan, you will always have an immediate ownership interest in such contributions. Examples of special contributions that may be made to the Plan include:
  - Safe Harbor Contributions
  - Qualified Employer Contributions (QNECs)
  - Qualified Matching Contributions (QMACs)

Protection of vested benefit. Once you are vested in your benefits under the Plan, you have an ownership right to those amounts. While you may not be able to immediately withdraw your vested benefits from the Plan due to the distribution restrictions described under Article 8 below, you generally will never lose your right to those vested amounts. However, it is possible that your benefits under the Plan will decrease as a result of investment losses. If your benefits decrease because of investment losses, you will only be entitled to the vested amount in your account at the time of distribution.

Exception to vesting schedule. The above vesting schedule no longer applies once you reach Normal Retirement Age under the Plan. Thus, if you are still employed with us at Normal Retirement Age, you will automatically become 100% vested in all contributions under the Plan. You also will be fully vested in your entire account balance (regardless of the Plan's vesting schedule) if the plan is terminated. In addition, if you:

- ➤ die
- become disabled

while you are still employed with us, you will automatically become 100% vested.

Years of Vesting Service. To calculate your vested benefit under the Plan, your Years of Vesting Service are used to determine where you are on the vesting schedule. You will be credited with a Year of Vesting Service for each year in which you work at least 1,000 hours. The Plan Administrator will track your service and will calculate your years of service in accordance with the Plan requirements.

In calculating your Years of Vesting Service, all of your service with us is taken into account, including service you may have earned before the Plan was adopted.

**Forfeiture of nonvested benefits.** If you terminate employment before you become fully vested in your Plan benefits, you will be entitled to receive a distribution of your *vested* benefits under the Plan. Your non-vested benefits will be *forfeited* as described below. You are not entitled to receive a distribution of your non-vested benefits.

If you terminate employment at a time when you are only partially-vested (or totally non-vested) in any of your Plan benefits, how the Plan treats your non-vested balance will depend on whether you take a distribution when you terminate employment.

- ❖ Forfeiture upon distribution. If you take a distribution of your entire vested benefit when you terminate employment, your non-vested benefit will be forfeited in accordance with the terms of the Plan. If you are totally non-vested in any contributions we made on your behalf, you will be deemed to receive a distribution for purposes of applying these forfeiture rules.
  - Buy-back of forfeited benefits upon reemployment. If you take a distribution of your entire vested benefit when you terminate employment, and as a result, some (or all) of your Plan benefits are forfeited, you have the right to repay the distributed amount to the Plan if you are rehired prior to incurring five consecutive Breaks in Service (as defined under "Forfeiture upon five consecutive Breaks in Service" below). If you repay the total amount of your distribution back to the Plan, we will restore the amount of your non-vested benefit which was forfeited as a result of that distribution. Please contact the Plan Administrator if you wish to buy-back prior benefits under the Plan. The Plan Administrator will inform you of the amount you must repay to buy-back your prior forfeited benefit.

- Timing of buy-back. For us to restore your forfeited benefits, you must make repayment to the
  Plan no later than five years following your reemployment date. If you received a "deemed"
  distribution because you were totally non-vested, your non-vested benefit will automatically be
  restored within a reasonable time following your reemployment, provided you have not incurred
  five consecutive Breaks in Service prior to your reemployment.
- ❖ Forfeiture upon five consecutive Breaks in Service. Depending on the value of your vested benefits, you may be able to keep your benefits in the Plan when you terminate employment. If you do not take a distribution of your entire vested benefit when you terminate employment, your non-vested benefit will remain in your account until you have incurred five consecutive Breaks in Service, at which time your non-vested benefit will be forfeited in accordance with the terms of the Plan. For this purpose, you will have a Break in Service for each year in which you work less than 501 hours. Your vested benefits will not be forfeited under this forfeiture rule. If you have any questions regarding the application of these rules, you should contact the Plan Administrator.

## PLAN DISTRIBUTIONS

The Plan contains detailed rules regarding when you can receive a distribution of your benefits from the Plan. As discussed in Article 7 above, if you qualify for a Plan distribution, you will only receive your vested benefits. This Article 8 describes when you may request a distribution and the tax effects of such a distribution.

**Distribution upon termination of employment.** When you terminate employment, you may be entitled to a distribution from the Plan. The availability of a distribution will depend on the amount of your vested account balance.

• Vested account balance in excess of \$5,000. If your total vested account balance exceeds \$5,000 at the time you terminate employment, you may receive a distribution from the Plan as soon as administratively feasible following the earlier of attainment of Normal Retirement Age or the last day of the Plan Year during which the Participant terminates employment. You must request a distribution on the appropriate forms before a distribution will be made to you. If you do not consent to a distribution of your vested account balance, your balance will remain in the Plan. If you receive a distribution of your vested benefits when you are only partially-vested in your Plan benefits, your non-vested benefits will be forfeited.

You may elect to take your distribution in any of the following forms. In addition, in certain rare cases, you may be entitled to a distribution in the form of a joint and survivor annuity. Upon your termination of employment, you will receive a distribution package that will describe the distribution options that are available to you. If you have any questions regarding your distribution options under the Plan, please contact the Plan Administrator.

- Lump sum. You may elect to take a distribution of your entire vested account balance in a lump sum. In addition, you may take a distribution of only a portion of your vested account balance. If you take a lump sum distribution, you may elect to rollover all (or any portion) of your distribution to an IRA or to another qualified plan. See the Special Tax Notice, which you may obtain from the Plan Administrator, for more information regarding your ability to rollover your plan distribution.
- Installment payments. You may elect to receive a distribution in the form of a series of installment payments. If you elect distribution in the form of installments, your vested benefit will be paid out in equal annual installments over a set number of years. If the installment period is 10 years or greater, you may not rollover any of the installment payments into an IRA or into another qualified plan. The Plan Administrator will provide you with forms necessary to elect an installment distribution under the Plan.

• Vested account balance of \$5,000 or less. If your total vested account balance under the Plan is \$5,000 or less at the time you terminate employment, you will be eligible to receive a distribution of your entire vested account balance in a lump sum as soon as administratively feasible following the earlier of attainment of Normal Retirement Age or the last day of the Plan Year during which the Participant terminates employment. If you receive a distribution of your vested benefits when you are partially-vested in your Plan benefits, your non-vested benefits will be forfeited.

You may elect to receive your distribution in cash or you may elect to rollover your distribution to an IRA or to another qualified plan. If your total vested benefit under the Plan is \$5,000 or less when you terminate employment and you do not consent to a distribution of your vested account balance, your vested benefit will remain in the Plan until such time as you consent to a distribution or your benefit can be distributed from the Plan without consent. Further information regarding the Plan's distribution procedures will be provided at the time you terminate employment.

**In-service distributions.** You may withdraw vested amounts from the Plan while you are still employed with us, but only if you satisfy the Plan's requirements for in-service distributions. Under the Plan, you may take an in-service distribution if:

You have reached the Plan's Normal Retirement Age at the time of the distribution.

No in-service distribution of Salary Deferrals may be made prior to age 59½. Thus, regardless of any inservice distribution provisions under the Plan, you may not request an in-service distribution of amounts attributable to your Salary Deferrals under the Plan prior to attaining age 59½. An in-service distribution also may not be made prior to age 59½ with respect to Safe Harbor contributions under the Plan.

In addition, you may withdraw amounts attributable to Rollover Contributions at any time.

Required distributions. If you have not begun taking distributions before you attain your Required Beginning Date, the Plan generally must commence distributions to you as of such date. For this purpose, your Required Beginning Date is April 1 following the end of the calendar year in which you attain age 70½ or terminate employment, whichever is later. (For 5% owners, the Required Beginning Date is April 1 following the calendar year in which you attain age 70½, even if you are still employed.)

Once you attain your Required Beginning Date, the Plan Administrator will commence distributions to you as required under the Plan. The Plan Administrator will inform you of the amount you are required to receive once you attain your Required Beginning Date.

**Distribution upon disability.** If you should terminate employment because you are disabled, you will be eligible to receive a distribution of your vested account balance under the Plan's normal distribution rules. You will be considered to be disabled for purposes of applying the Plan's distribution rules if you are unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of a medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months. The Plan Administrator may establish reasonable procedures for determining whether you are disabled for purposes of applying the distribution provisions of the Plan.

**Distributions upon death.** If you should die before taking a distribution of your entire vested account balance, your remaining benefit will be distributed to your beneficiary or beneficiaries, as designated on the appropriate designated beneficiary election form. You should receive a designated beneficiary election form from the Plan Administrator.

If you are married, your spouse generally is treated as your beneficiary, unless you and your spouse properly designate an alternative beneficiary to receive your benefits under the Plan. The Plan Administrator will provide you with information concerning the availability of death benefits under the Plan and your rights (and your spouse's rights) to designate an alternative beneficiary for such death benefits. If you do not designate a beneficiary to receive your benefits upon death, your benefits will be distributed first to your spouse. If you have no spouse at the time of death, your benefits will be distributed equally to your children. If you have no children at the time of your death, your benefits will be distributed to your estate. For this purpose, any designation of your spouse as designated beneficiary is automatically revoked upon a formal divorce decree

unless you re-execute a new beneficiary designation form or enter into a valid qualified domestic relations order (QDRO).

**Taxation of distributions.** Generally, you must include any Plan distribution in your taxable income in the year you receive the distribution. More detailed information on tax treatment of Plan distributions is contained in the "Special Tax Notice" which you may obtain from the Plan Administrator.

**Distributions before age 59½.** If you receive a distribution before age 59½, you generally will be subject to a 10% penalty tax in addition to regular income taxation on the amount of the distribution that is subject to taxation. You may avoid the 10% penalty tax by rolling your distribution into another plan or IRA. Certain exceptions to the penalty tax may apply. For more information, please review the "Special Tax Notice," which may be obtained from the Plan Administrator.

Rollovers and withholding. You may "rollover" most Plan distributions to an IRA or another qualified plan and avoid current taxation. You may accomplish a rollover either directly or indirectly. In a direct rollover, you instruct the Plan Administrator that you wish to have your distribution deposited directly into another plan or an IRA. In an indirect rollover, the Plan Administrator actually makes the distribution to you and you may rollover that distribution to an IRA or another qualified plan within 60 days after you receive the Plan distribution.

If you are eligible to directly rollover a distribution but choose not to, the Plan Administrator must withhold 20% of the taxable distribution for federal income tax withholding purposes. The Plan Administrator will provide you with the appropriate forms for choosing a direct rollover. For more information, see the "Special Tax Notice," which may be obtained from the Plan Administrator.

Certain benefit payments are not eligible for rollover and therefore will not be subject to 20% mandatory withholding. The types of benefit payments that are not "eligible rollover distributions" include:

- · annuities paid over your lifetime,
- installments payments for a period of at least ten (10) years.
- minimum required distributions at age 70½, and
- hardship withdrawals.

[Note: All of the above distribution options may not be available under this Plan.]

Non-assignment of benefits and Qualified Domestic Relations Orders (QDROs) Your benefits cannot be sold, used as collateral for a loan, given away, or otherwise transferred, garnished, or attached by creditors, except as provided by law. However, if required by applicable state domestic relations law, certain court orders could require that part of your benefit be paid to someone else—your spouse or children, for example. This type of court order is known as a Qualified Domestic Relations Order (QDRO). As soon as you become aware of any court proceedings that might affect your Plan benefits, please contact the Plan Administrator. You may request a copy of the procedures concerning QDROs, including those procedures governing the qualification of a domestic relations order, without charge, from the Plan Administrator.

## ARTICLE 9 PLAN INVESTMENTS AND FEES

Investment of Plan assets. All amounts contributed to the Plan on your behalf will be invested by the Plan Trustee (or other designated investment advisor) in a manner that is considered suitable for a retirement plan. All investment decisions will be made in the best interests of you and other Plan participants. Periodically, you will receive a benefit statement that provides information on your account balance and your investment returns. As is true with most investments, the Plan may suffer losses. You will share in any gains or losses incurred as a result of the investment of Plan assets. If you have any questions, please contact the Plan Administrator (or other Plan representative).

Valuation Date. To determine your share of any gains or losses incurred as a result of the investment of Plan assets, the Plan is valued on a regular basis. For this purpose, the Plan is valued as of the last day of each Plan Year. Thus, you will receive an allocation of any gains or losses under the Plan as of the last day of each Plan Year. If you take a distribution during the Plan Year, the value of your vested account balance will be based on the value of your account as of the preceding Valuation Date.

In addition to any specific Valuation Dates described above, the Employer may elect operationally to perform interim valuations. You will be informed if an interim valuation is performed with respect to your Plan Accounts.

Plan fees. There may be fees or expenses related to the administration of the Plan or associated with the investment of Plan assets that will affect the amount of your Plan benefits. Any fees related to the administration of the Plan or associated with the investment of Plan assets may be paid by the Plan or by the Employer. If the Employer does not pay Plan-related expenses, such fees or expenses will generally be allocated to the accounts of Participants either proportionally based on the value of account balances or as an equal dollar amount based on the number of participants in the Plan. If you direct the investment of your benefits under the Plan, you will be responsible for any investment-related fees incurred as a result of your investment decisions. Prior to making any investment, you should obtain and read all available information concerning that particular investment, including financial statements, prospectuses, and other available information.

In addition to general administration and investment fees that are charged to the Plan, you may be assessed fees directly associated with the administration of your account. For example, if you terminate employment, your account may be charged directly for the pro rata share of the Plan's administration expenses, regardless of whether the Employer pays some of these expenses for current Employees. Other fees that may be charged directly against your account include:

- Fees related to the processing of distributions upon termination of employment.
- Fees related to the processing of in-service distributions (including hardship distributions).
- Fees related to the processing of required minimum distributions at age 70½ (or termination of employment, if later).
- Participant loan origination fees and annual maintenance fees.
- Charges related to processing of a qualified domestic relation order (QDRO) where a court requires that a portion of your benefits is payable to your ex-spouse or children as a result of a divorce decree.

## PARTICLE 10 PARTICIPANT LOANS

The Plan does not permit Participants to take a loan from the Plan. To access Plan assets, you must be eligible to receive a distribution from the Plan, as described in Article 8 above.

# PLAN AMENDMENTS AND TERMINATION

Plan amendments. We have the authority to amend this Plan at any time. Any amendment, including the restatement of an existing Plan, may not decrease your vested benefit under the Plan, except to the extent permitted under the Internal Revenue Code, and may not reduce or eliminate any "protected benefits" (except as provided under the Internal Revenue Code or any regulation issued thereunder) determined immediately prior to the adoption or effective date of the amendment (whichever is later). However, we may amend the Plan to increase, decrease or eliminate benefits on a prospective basis.

Plan termination. Although we expect to maintain this Plan indefinitely, we have the ability to terminate the Plan at any time. For this purpose, termination includes a complete discontinuance of contributions under the Plan or a partial termination. If the Plan is terminated, all amounts credited to your account shall become 100% vested, regardless of the Plan's current vesting schedule. In the event of the termination of the Plan, you are entitled to a distribution of your entire vested benefit. Such distribution shall be made directly to you or, at your direction, may be transferred directly to another qualified retirement plan or IRA. If you do not consent to a distribution of your benefit upon termination of the Plan, the Plan Administrator will transfer your vested benefit directly to an IRA that we will establish for your benefit. Except as permitted by Internal Revenue Service regulations, the termination of the Plan shall not result in any reduction of protected benefits.

A partial termination may occur if either a Plan amendment or severance from service excludes a group of employees who were previously covered by this Plan. Whether a partial termination has occurred will depend on the facts and circumstances of each case. If a partial termination occurs, only those Participants who cease participation due to the partial termination will become 100% vested. The Plan Administrator will advise you if a partial termination occurs and how such partial termination affects you as a Participant.

# ARTICLE 12 PLAN PARTICIPANT RIGHTS AND CLAIM PROCEDURES

Participant rights. As a participant in the Plan, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). ERISA provides that all Plan participants shall be entitled to:

- Examine, without charge, at the Plan Administrator's office, all Plan documents including copies of all documents filed by the Plan Administrator with the U.S. Department of Labor.
- > Obtain copies of all Plan documents and other Plan information upon written request to the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator may assess a reasonable charge for the copies.
- > Receive a summary of the Plan's annual financial report. The Plan Administrator is required by law to provide each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.
- > Obtain a statement telling you whether you have a right to receive benefits under the Plan and, if so, what your current benefits are. You must request this statement in writing and you may only request this statement once a year. The Plan Administrator will provide the statement free of charge.
- File a claim for benefits.

**Prudent Actions by Plan Fiduciaries**. In addition to creating rights for Plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the Plan. These people, called "fiduciaries," have a duty to operate the Plan prudently and in the best interests of you, other Plan participants and beneficiaries. You may not be fired or otherwise discriminated against in any way solely to prevent you from obtaining a Plan benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Enforcement of Rights. If you have a claim for benefits under the Plan that is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules. For example, if you request a copy of Plan documents or the latest annual report from the Plan and do not receive the requested documents within 30 days, you may file suit in a federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the documents and pay you up to \$110 a day until you receive the documents, unless the documents were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator. If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. In addition, if you disagree with the Plan's decision or lack thereof concerning the qualified status of a divorce decree that affects the payment of benefits under the Plan, you may file suit in federal court. If the Plan's fiduciaries misuse the Plan's money, or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you

have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds your claim is frivolous.

Assistance with Questions. If you have any questions about the Plan or this SPD, you should contact the Plan Administrator. If you have any questions about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the Plan Administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, listed in your telephone directory or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

Claim for Benefits. Benefits will normally be payable under the Plan without the need for a formal claim. However, if you feel you are entitled to benefits under the Plan that have not been paid, you may submit to the Plan Administrator a written claim for benefits. Your request for Plan benefits will be considered a claim for Plan benefits, and it will be subject to a full and fair review. The Plan Administrator will evaluate your claim (including all relevant documents and records you submit to support your claim) to determine if benefits are payable to you under the terms of the Plan. The Plan Administrator may solicit additional information from you if necessary to evaluate the claim.

If the Plan Administrator determines the claim is valid, then you will receive a statement describing the amount of benefit, the method or methods of payment, the timing of distributions and other information relevant to the payment of the benefit.

If the Plan Administrator denies all or any portion of your claim, you will receive within a reasonable period of time (not to exceed 90 days after receipt of the claim form), a written or electronic notice setting forth the reasons for the denial (including references to the specific provisions of the Plan on which the decision is based), a description of any additional information needed to perfect your claim, and the steps you must take to submit the claim for review. If the Plan Administrator determines that special circumstances require an extension of time for processing your claim, it may extend the 90-day period described in the prior sentence to 180 days, provided the Plan Administrator provides you with written notice of the extension and prior to the expiration of the original 90-day period. The extension notice will indicate the special circumstances requiring an extension of time and the date by which the Plan Administrator expects to render its decision.

If the Plan Administrator denies your claim, you will have 60 days from the date you receive notice of the denial of your claim to appeal the adverse decision of the Plan Administrator. You may submit to the Plan Administrator written comments, documents, records and other information relating to your claim for benefits. You will be provided, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records and other information relevant to the claim. The Plan Administrator's review of the claim and of its denial of the claim shall take into account all comments, documents, records and other information relating to the claim, without regard to whether these materials were submitted or considered by the Plan Administrator in its initial decision on the claim. If the Plan Administrator denies your claim for benefits upon review, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or Federal court.

If your claim is based on disability benefits, different claim procedures and deadlines will apply. If your benefits are provided or administered by an insurance company, insurance service, or other similar organization which is subject to regulation under the insurance laws, the claims procedure relating to those benefits may provide for review. If so, that company, service, or organization will be the entity to which claims are addressed. Ask the Plan Administrator if you have any questions regarding the proper person or entity to address claims or the deadlines for making a claim for benefits.